



Stable and Scalable Perovskite Solar Cells

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Bussum



Thermal instability MAPbI₃

Intrinsic Thermal Instability of Methylammonium Lead Trihalide Perovskite

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3. Conclusion

In conclusion, we have investigated the thermal stability of MAPbI₃ perovskite layers in different environmental conditions from a morphological, electronic and chemical point of view. The final verdict is that this type of perovskite is not intrinsically stable while heating to temperatures comparable to the higher range of operational temperatures in full sunlight (85 °C). The unit cell of the perovskite breaks down not only due to humidity but also due to thermal instability of its constituents (which are partially volatile species), thereby confirming the soft matter character of this new class of light absorbers.



B. Conings, Adv. En. Mater. (2015) 5, 1500477

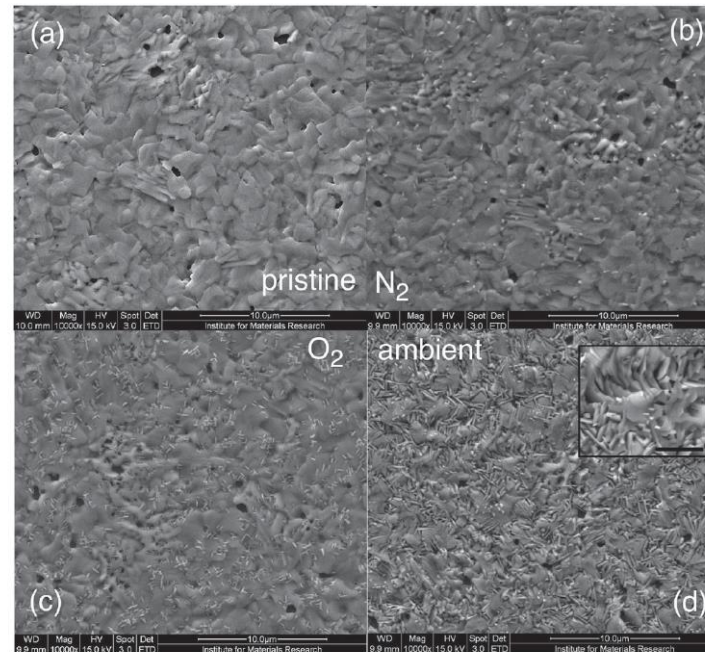
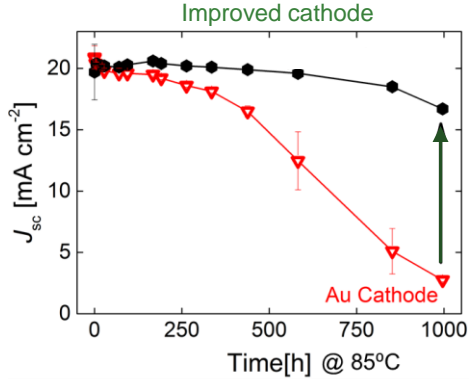
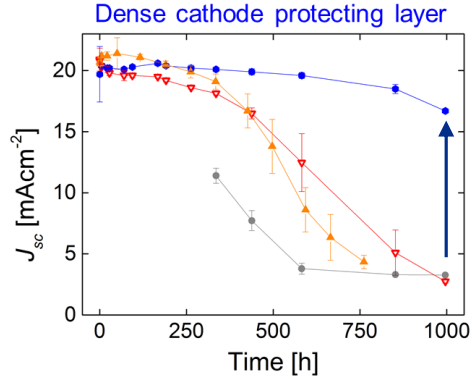
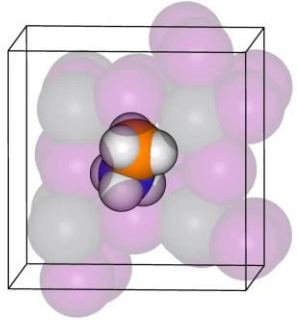


Figure 2. Scanning electron microscopy images of ITO/TiO₂/perovskite samples that were degraded in different atmospheres for 24 h at 85 °C.

Thermal stability of perovskite solar cells (baseline 1)

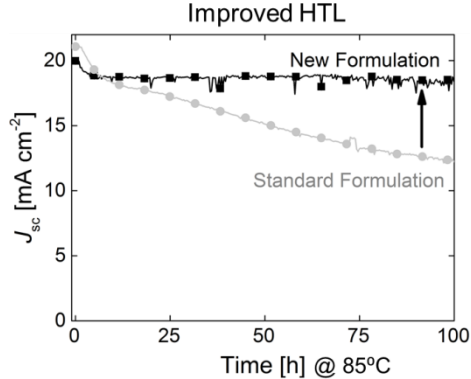
Temperature stability



Introducing improvements:

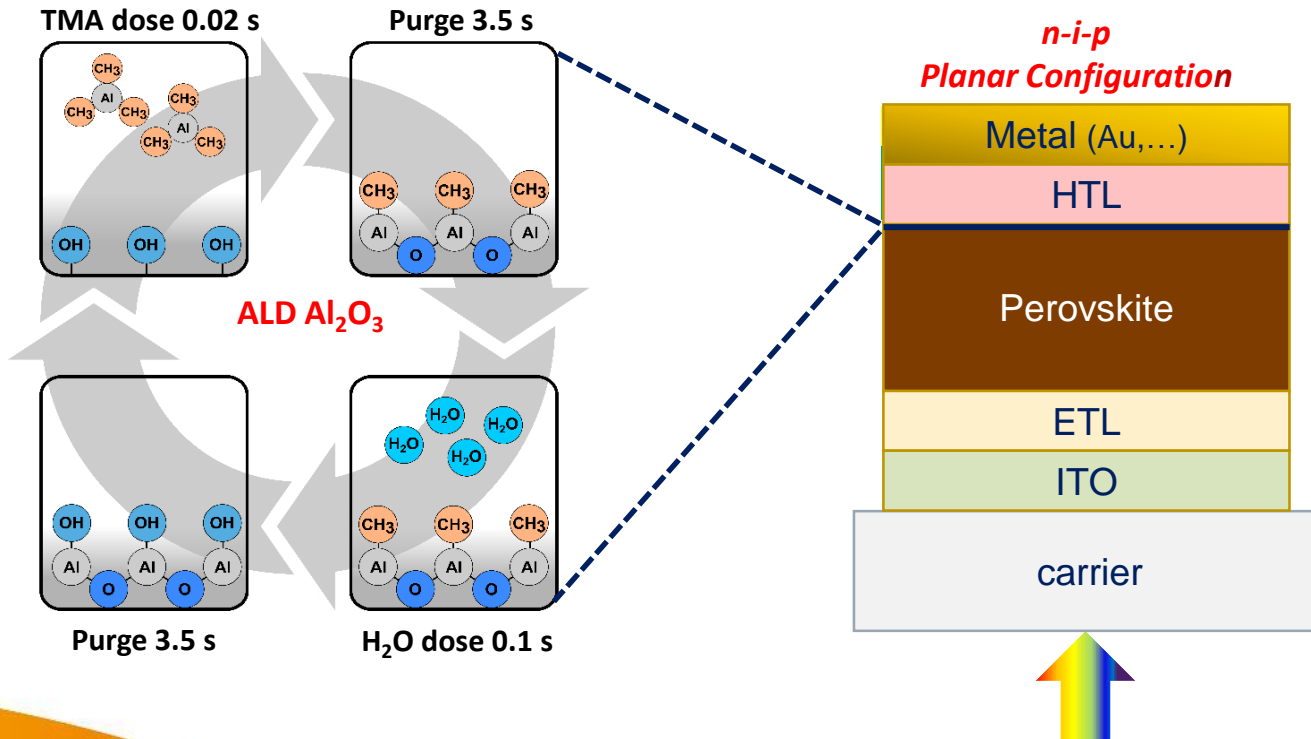
- Hinder escape of small MethylAmmonium cation:

• Dense inorganic (inter)layers



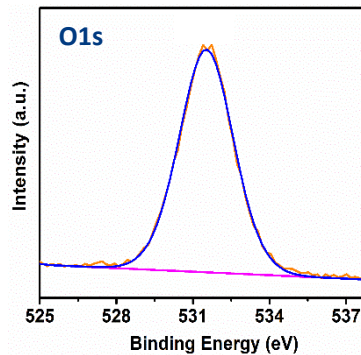
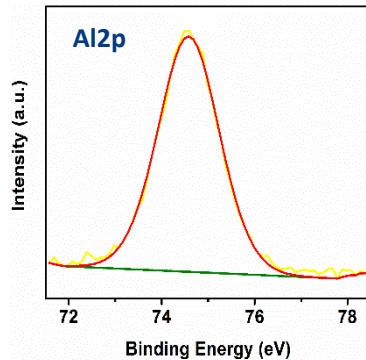
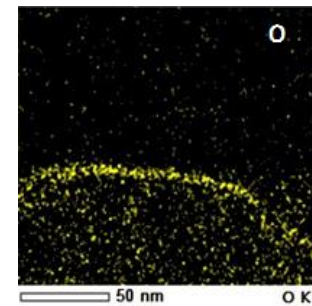
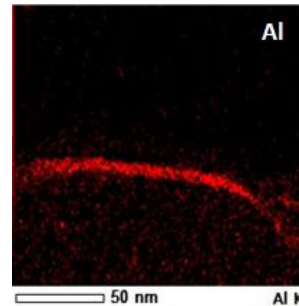
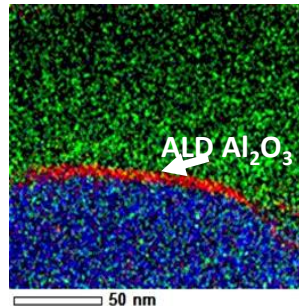
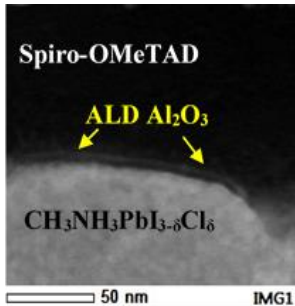
Insert conformal ALD Al_2O_3 layer between perovskite and HTL

Baseline V1.0 - opaque version



Does ALD Al_2O_3 grow on perovskite?

TEM and XPS Studies

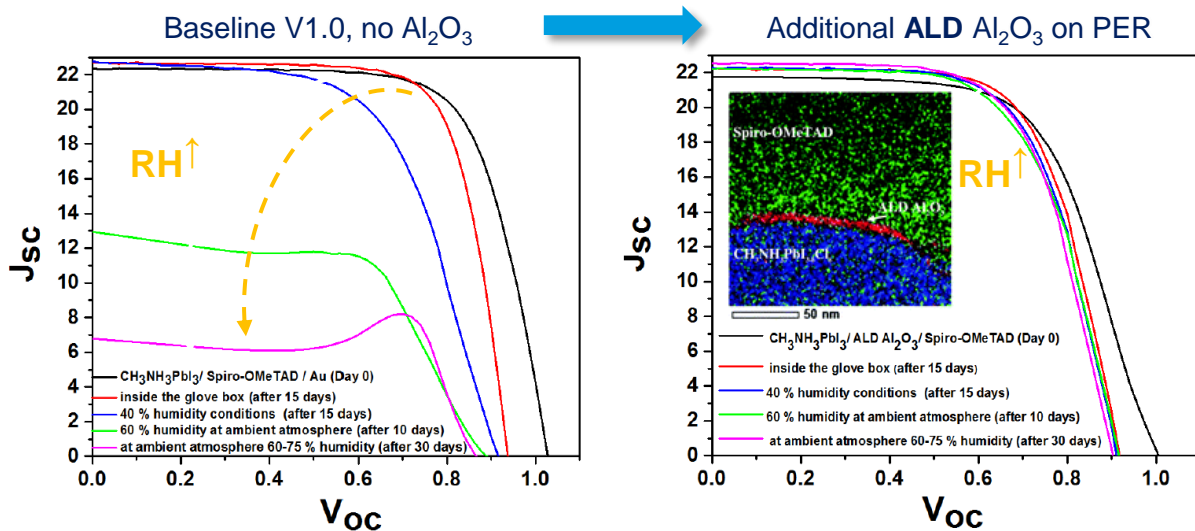


1. D. Koushik *et al.*, *Energy Environ. Sci.*, 2017, **10**, 91.

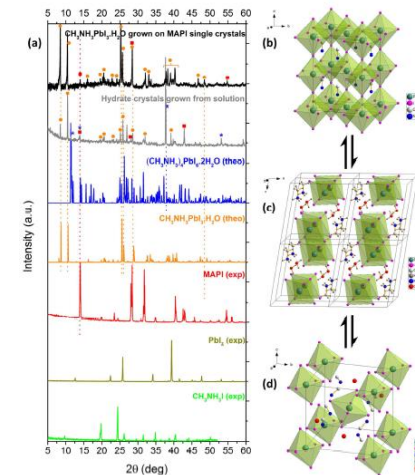
2. D. Koushik *et al.*, *Adv. Mater. Inter.*, 2017, 1700043.

Al₂O₃ grown on perovskite

- Humidity stability

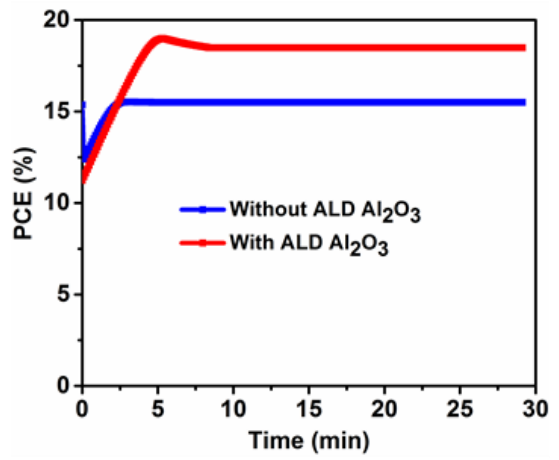


➤ Almost no device deterioration by increased exposure to humidity



Al₂O₃ grown on perovskite – efficiency and scale up

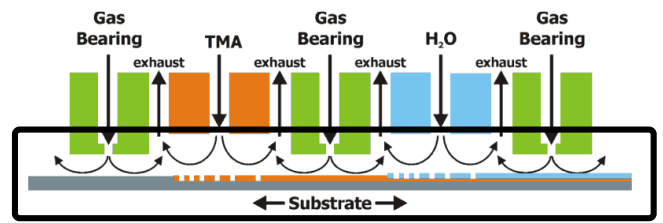
ALD Al₂O₃ (PCE↑)



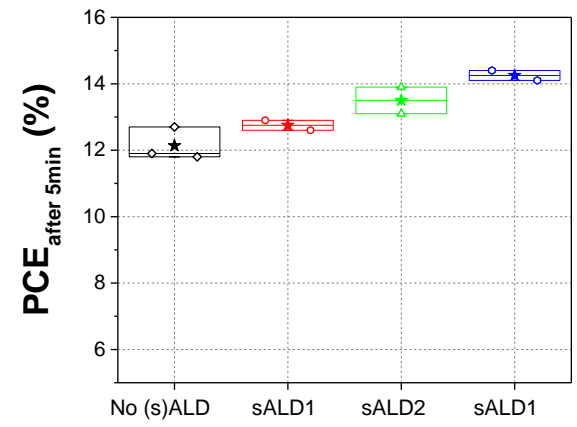
sALD
Lab scale



S2S
scale

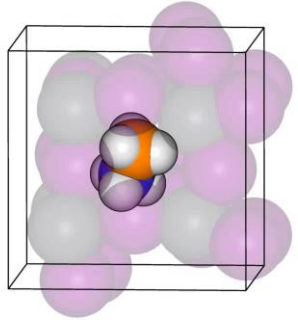


spatial ALD Al₂O₃ (PCE↑)



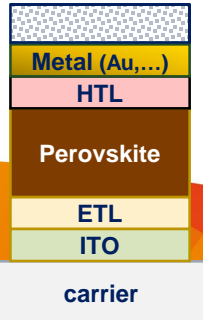
Thermal stability of perovskite solar cells

Temperature stability



Introducing improvements:

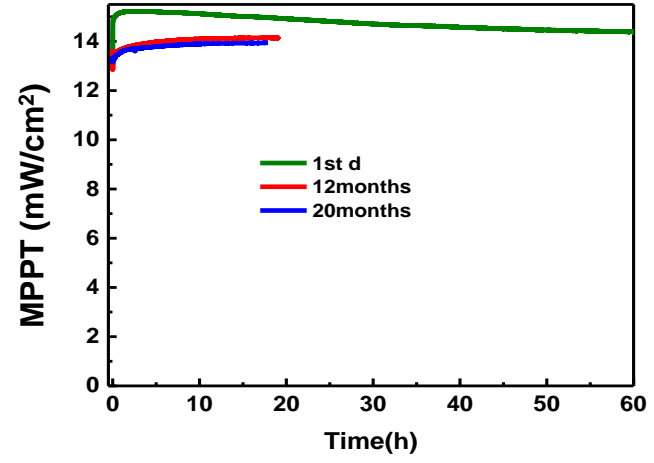
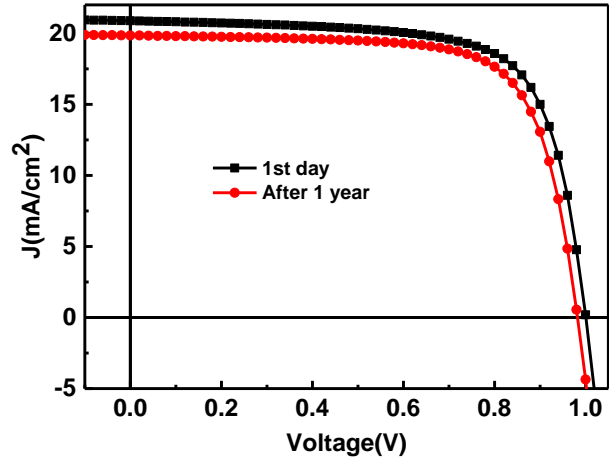
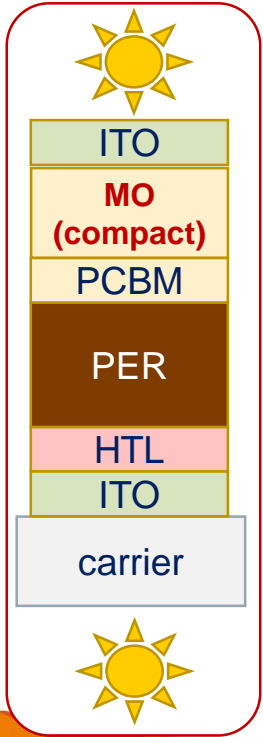
- Hinder escape of small MA cation:
 - Dense (inter)layer
- Larger cation/Smaller anion:
 - Formamidinium/Bromide



Baseline V2.0:

- Planar and low temperature R2R compatible →
- Introducing Formamidinium & Bromide
 - Two step process
 - $FA_{1-x}MA_xPbI_{3-x}Br_x$
 - More stable and ...
- Glass: 15 → 17 → **19%**
- PET: **16,5%**
- In depth study on low T plasma assisted ALD SnO₂ deposition for PSCs
Y. Kuang et al., *ACS Appl. Mater. & Interf.* (2018) **10** 30367
- Thermal stability limited by top (p) contact
- Need for stable / scalable / low cost top contact → baseline 3

Shelf life



➤ 95% of initial stabilized power output after **15 000 hr. shelf life** aging (N₂, RT, unencapsulated)

Thermal Stability

- Devices encapsulated
- Thermal stress at 85 °C in N₂ (similar results obtained in air)
- s-ALD layer drastically improves the thermal stability both with Al and ITO electrodes

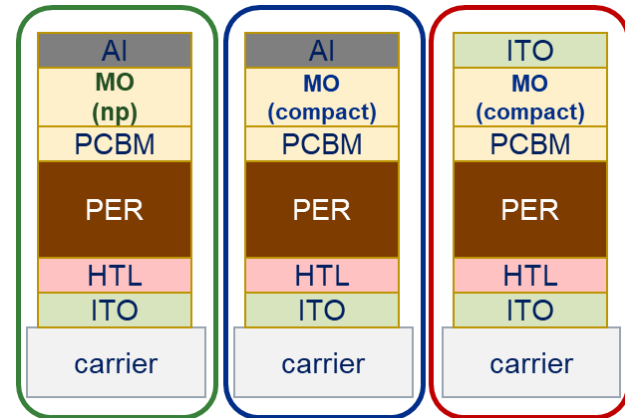
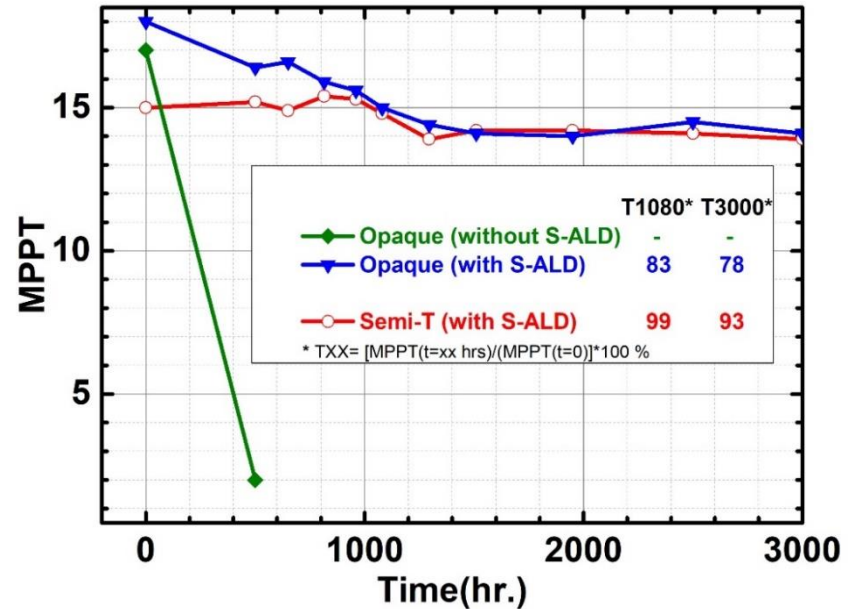
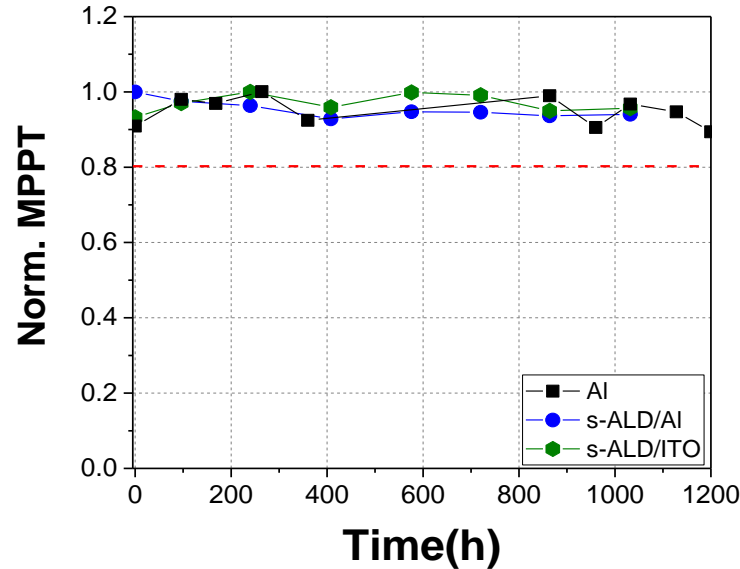


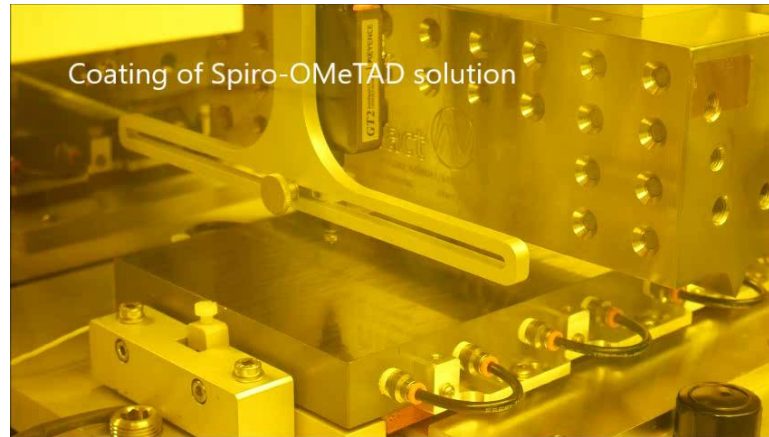
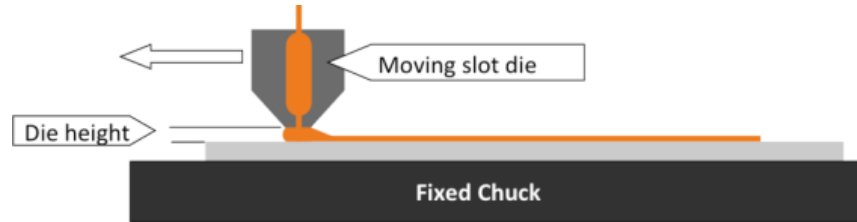
Photo Stability



- 90% of initial stabilized power output after 1000 hr. MPPT in continuous operational condition (air, 40 °C, at Voc, encapsulated, for opaque and semi-transparent devices)

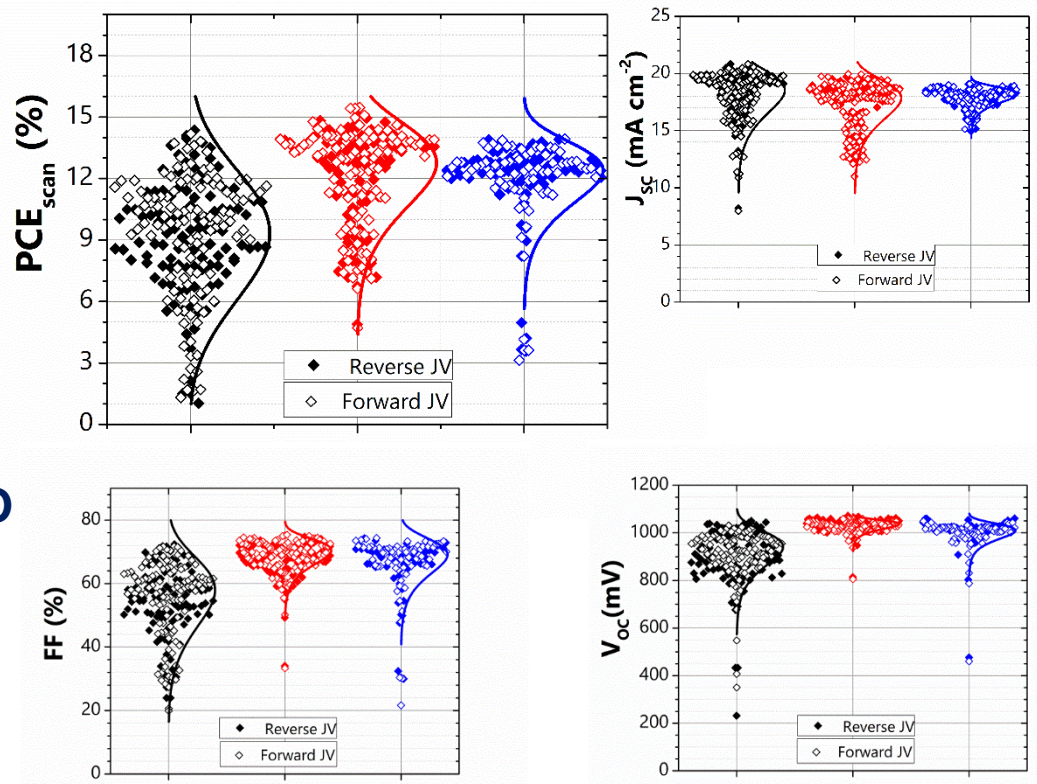
Scale up of baseline V3.0

Slot die coating (SD) of perovskite layer



PIN Structure Upscaling: different stack

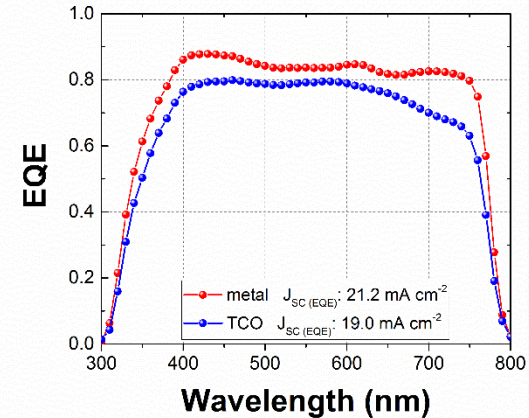
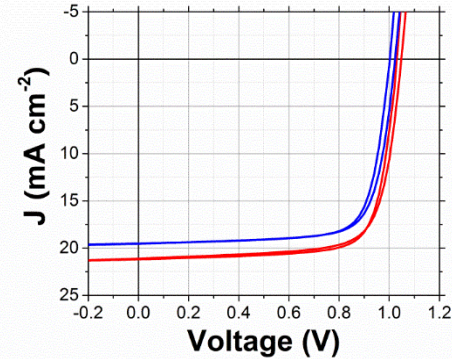
- Different stack tested so far:
 - 4x SD + metal
 - 3x SD + sALD + metal
 - 3x SD + sALD + TCO
- Advantage of sALD
 - Improve yield and PCE
 - Enable sputtering of TCO
 - Semitransparent and bifacial solar cell



High PCE upscaled cell

- Confirmed with EQE and MPPT
 - Up to 17% for **sALD + METAL**
 - Up to 15.2% for **sALD + TCO**

	METAL		TCO	
scan	REV	FORW	REV	FORW
PCE (%)	16.4	16.6	15.1	14.9
J_{SC} (mAcm ⁻²)	21.1	21.2	19.5	19.5
V_{OC} (mV)	1050	1030	1020	1000
FF (%)	74.4	76.2	75.3	76.0
MPPT (%)	17.0		15.2	



Light and Thermal Stability in N₂ environment

- 85°C Thermal stress in N₂ (no encapsulation)

- sALD layer is crucial for stability

- LT₈₀ ≈ 100 h
- LT₈₀ ≈ 1000 h
- LT₈₀ > 1000 h

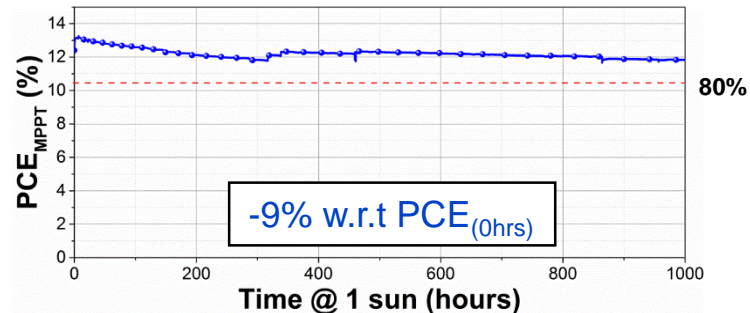
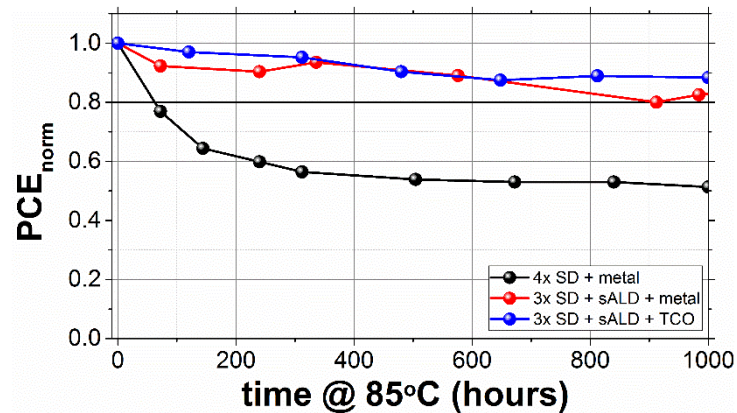
- Light soaking in N₂ (with MPPT)

- Tested only for sALD + TCO

- LT₈₀ >> 1000 h

- Encapsulated PSC* pass both tests in air

* (SC + sALD)

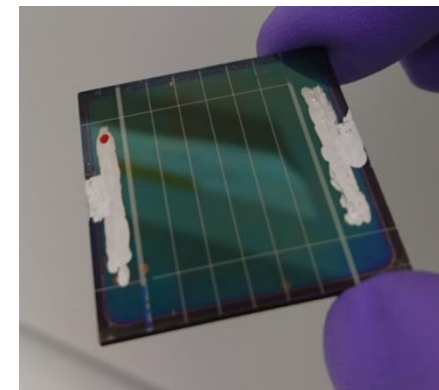
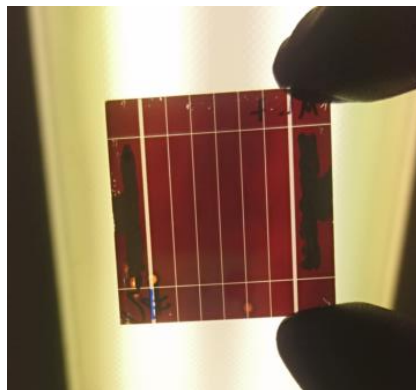
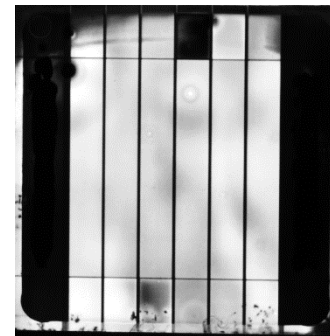


Towards large area stable modules

- **16x 4 cm² minimodules processed on 6 inch**
 - PCE_{MPPT} of 13.6% on aperture area
 - PCE_{MPPT} of 14.7% on active area (GFF 92.6%)
 - Bifaciality factor 0.9 (without ARC)

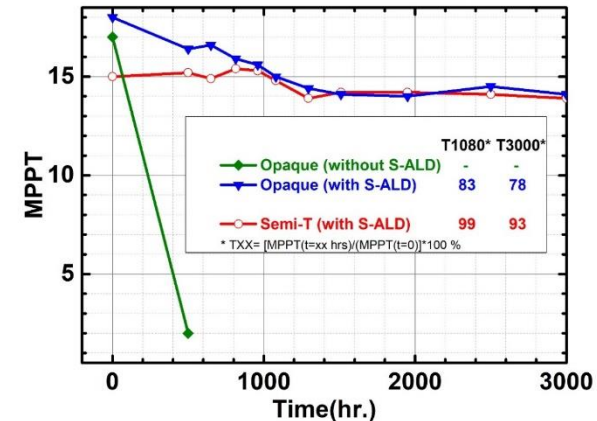
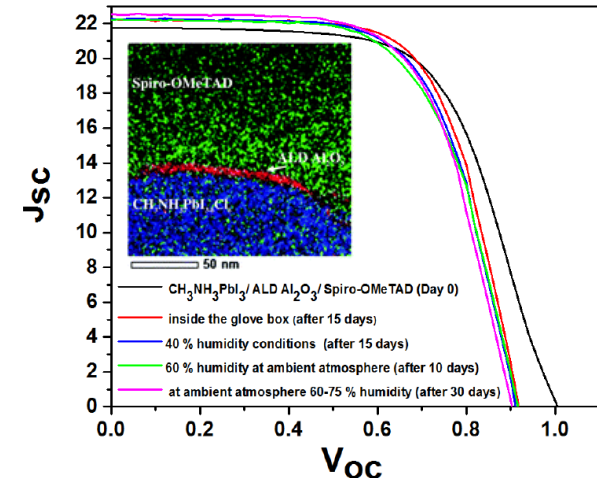
Scan	Backward*	Forward*
V _{oc} (V)	6.33	6.36
J _{sc} (mA/cm ²)	19.0	19.0
FF	0.705	0.710
PCE	14.2%	14.3%
MPPT	13.6	

*Data on aperture area



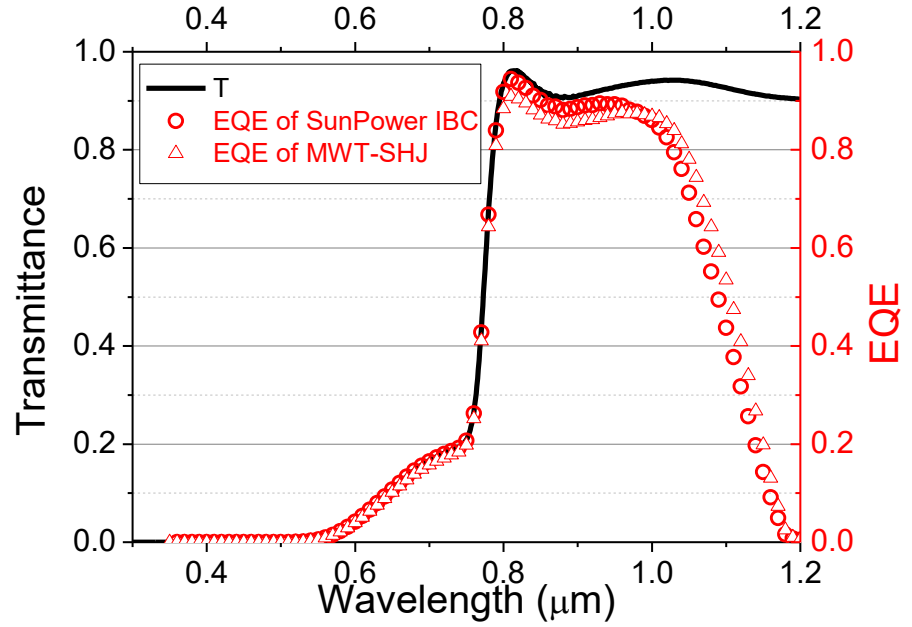
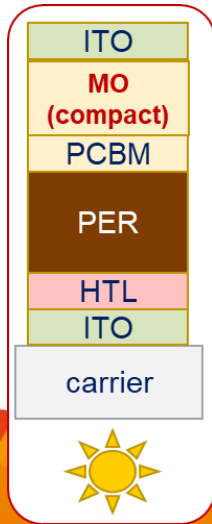
Conclusions

- ALD Al_2O_3 layers improve the efficiency *and* humidity stability of perovskite solar cells with n-i-p configuration
- ALD deposited (or compact) MO layers enable semi-transparent perovskite solar cells apparently free of sputter damage
- ALD deposited (or compact) MO layers enable high thermal stability
- The developed stack (baseline V3.0) is stable and scalable: Devices have been prepared on 6 inch by a combination of slot die and sALD processes.

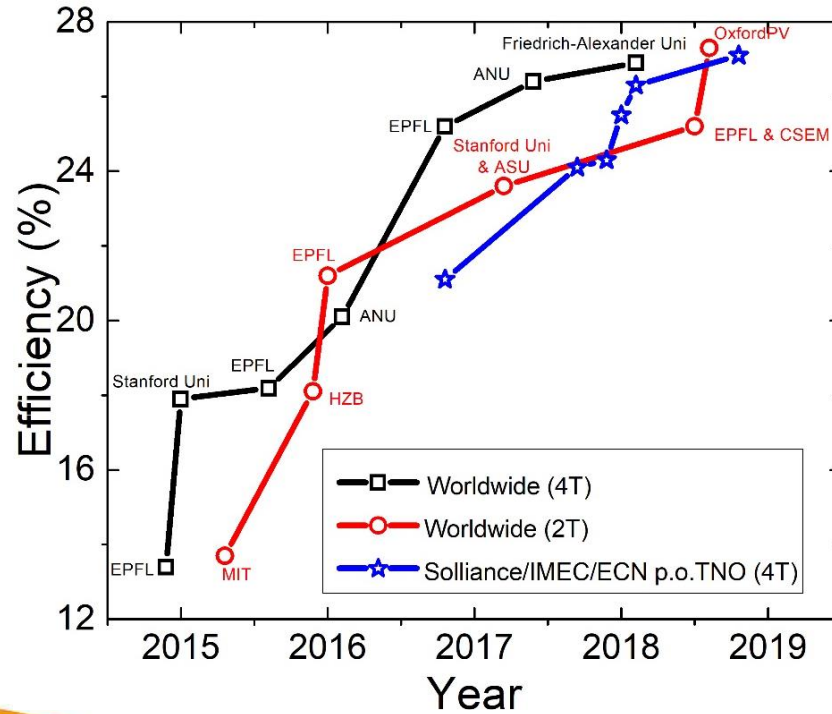


High transmittance of ST-PSC

- ITO improvement and light management
- Record NIR transmittance of average 93%
- EQE of SunPower IBC peaks at 94%
- MWT-SHJ has higher IR response in EQE



Fast progress in perovskite/c-Si tandem cells



C. Quiroz et al, J. Mater. Chem. A, 2018, 6, 3583.
 K. Bush et al, Nature Energy, 2, 2017, 17009.
 T. Duong et al, Adv. Energy Mater. 2017, 1700228.
 J. Werner et al, Adv. Mater. Interfaces 2018, 5, 1700731.
 J. Werner et al, ACS Energy Letters, 2016, 1, 474.
<https://www.imec-int.com/en/articles/imec-beats-silicon-pv-with-27-1-percent-perovskite-silicon-tandem>

Acknowledgement

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Thank you for your attention!

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